## **De Novo Hearing Checklist**

- Notice of right to de novo hearing was given to all parties by:
  - Oral statement in open court;
  - Posting in or outside courtroom of referring court; or
  - As directed by referring court. Tex. Fam. Code § 201.012
- Notice of substance of associate judge's report, including proposed order, was provided:
  - In open court, by an oral statement or a copy of the associate judge's written report, including any proposed order;
  - By certified mail, return receipt requested; or
  - By facsimile transmission. Tex. Fam. Code § 201.011(c).
- □ Associate judge signed and dated report, including any proposed order, and all other papers related to the case sent to the referring court. Tex. Fam. Code § 201.011(e).
- Party filed request with referring court and clerk of referring court not later than 3<sup>rd</sup> working day after receiving notice of:
  - The substance of the associate judge's report as provided by Tex. Fam. Code § 261.011; or
  - The rendering of the temporary order, if the request concerns a temporary order rendered by the associate judge under Tex. Fam. Code § 201.007(a)(14)(C). Tex. Fam. Code § 201.015(a).
- □ De novo request specifies issues to be presented. Tex. Fam. Code § 201.015(b).
- If additional request for de novo hearing was filed by any other party, it was filed not later than the 3<sup>rd</sup> working day after date the initial request was filed. Tex. Fam. Code § 201.015(e).

- □ If the de novo request follows a jury trial, party requesting de novo may not demand a second jury in a de novo hearing before the referring court if the associate judge's proposed order or judgment resulted from a jury trial. Tex. Fam. Code § 201.015(i).
- Referring court, after notice to parties, shall hold de novo hearing not later than the 30<sup>th</sup> day after the date upon which the initial request for a de novo hearing was filed with the clerk of the referring court. Tex. Fam. Code § 201.015(f).
- □ During the de novo hearing before the referring court:
  - the parties may present witnesses on the issues specified in the request for the de novo hearing;
  - the referring court may consider the record from the hearing before the associate judge, including the charge to and verdict returned by a jury. Tex. Fam. Code § 201.015(c).

## **Best Practices for Referring Courts:**

- Determine whether delay of de novo hearing impacts permanency of children the subject of the lawsuit.
- If unable to hear within 30 days, consider requesting a visiting judge to preside over the de novo hearing.
- Determine whether attorney files de novo request concurrently with motion to withdraw.

## **Best Practices for Associate Judges:**

- □ Follow up with referring court to determine if de novo hearing held.
- Inquire about status of de novo hearing at every statutorily mandated hearing pursuant to Tex. Fam. Code Chapter 263.