Practical First Steps to Address Disproportionality and Implicit Bias

Tips to Improve Decision-Making in Child Welfare Hearings

Make sure parties and key witnesses are present.
Review petition to ensure it includes allegations specific to each parent.
Engage the parents.
Inquire if reasonable efforts were made to prevent removal.
Ask what is preventing the child from returning home TODAY?
Consider the appropriateness of current placement.
Ask yourself if the family's cultural background, customs and traditions have been taken into account with the events and circumstances that led to the removal.
Close the hearing with a specific question to ensure that the parties understand what happened.

Reflections to Protect Against Implicit Bias

Ask yourself, as a judge...

- **?** What assumptions have I made about people based on their cultural identity, profession or background?
- **?** How might my assumptions influence my decision-making?
- **?** How have I challenged any assumptions I might have made based on cultural identity, profession or background?

Talking about race is a Courageous Conversation.

- 1. Stay engaged.
- 2. Experience discomfort.
- 3. Speak your truth.
- 4. Expect and accept non-closure.

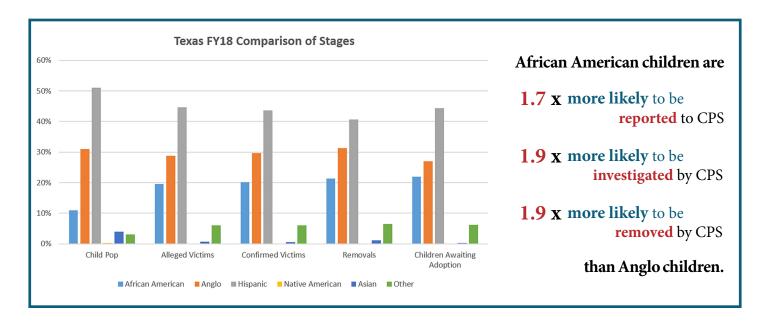
What is a practical first step you can take to bring about change in your community, profession, organization, or agency?

Big Ideas from the Beyond the Bench: Law, Justice, and Communities Summit

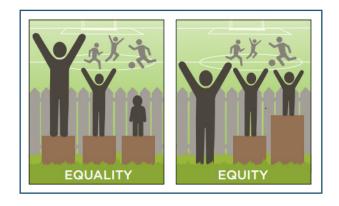
- Have Courageous Conversations with friends or family members.
- Charter judicially-led community meetings (or Courageous Conversations) across Texas to discuss planning, data, and desired outcomes in the context of the administration of justice.
- Ask an independent party or organization, outside of the court, to track demographics including race. Evaluate and check assumptions.
- Mandate training regarding implicit bias for all stakeholders.
- Add drug, mental health, and veteran courts in every Texas district court.
- Educate all members of the court system about the various roles others have, to create a more unified system that can help with all aspects of the needs of the individuals.

What is Disproportionality?

Disproportionality = when a particular racial or cultural group is represented within a social system at a rate or percentage that is not proportionate to their representation in the general population.



What is the Difference Between Equality and Equity?



What is Implicit Bias?

- Research shows that individuals naturally develop unconscious attitudes and stereotypes as a routine process of sorting and categorizing the vast amounts of sensory information they encounter on an ongoing basis.
- "Implicit" (as opposed to explicit) attitudes and stereotypes operate automatically, without awareness, intent, or conscious control, which is common to the human experience.
- Implicit Association Tests have shown that 80% of white adults more closely associate white faces with regular household items and black faces with weapons.
- These unconscious associations can influence judgment.
- Relying on data by counting outcomes, using tools to engage deliberate thinking, training, and judicial leadership can all counterbalance the bias which is frequently inherent in our intuition.

