Permanency Hearing Before Final Order Checklist

15 Minutes; up to 25 suggested best practice

Statutory

Prior to the Hearing:						
If first Permanency Hearing (PH), scheduled within 180 days after DFPS named TMC						
If subsequent PH, scheduled within 120 days of last PH						
10 days' notice provided						
DFPS Permanency Progress Report filed at least 10 days before PH and includes:						
At the Hearing:						
Identify those present						
Child in attendance						
 DFPS due diligence to locate and serve parties not present 						
□ Paternity issues/Paternity Registry						
 DFPS asked parents to provide locating information for absent parents, alleged fathers, or relatives 						
☐ If parent is unrepresented, inform of right to counsel, determine indigency, and appoint attorney						
□ Need for language interpretation						
□ Inquire about Indian/Native American Heritage						
☐ Address citizenship issues						
Compliance with orders/Service Plan and progress made						
Parties and those present heard and provided opportunity to present evidence						
If caregiver is present, must be given opportunity to provide information about the child						
Review efforts to place child with a relative						
If child with relative, inform about Permanency Care Assistance						
□ Review Permanency Progress Report:						
 Safety and well-being of child 						
 Child's needs (medical/special) 						
Child's placement						
 Evidence as to whether DFPS is able to place with relative 						
 Child's primary and alternative permanency 						

DFPS reasonable efforts to finalize permanency

• Child provided opportunity to express opinion

• Child provided opportunity to provide information

about possible relative or other caregiver

about medical care

- Child's Permanency Plan
- Summary of Medical Care

☐ The court file includes:

- Notification of Medical Consenter Form 2085-B
- Education Decision-Maker Form 2085-E
- Visitation Plan
- For child receiving psychotropic medication, whether child has:
 - been provided non-pharmacological interventions.
 - seen prescribing physician every 90 days for review
- Child's Education Decision-Maker identified, education needs and goals identified and addressed, and major changes in school performance or disciplinary events
- If 14 or older, transition services to assist from care to independent living
- For child with goal of APPLA:
 - o child's desired permanency outcome; and
 - whether APPLA best permanency plan; if so, provide compelling reasons why not in child's best interest to:
 - return home.
 - adoption,
 - placed with legal guardian, or
 - placed with a fit and willing relative
 - whether DFPS has conducted an Independent Living Skills (ILS) assessment for all youth 16 and older in TMC
 - whether DFPS has addressed the goals identified in the youth's permanency plan
 - if 16 or older, whether DFPS provided required documents
 - if 18 or older, or the disabilities of minority were removed, whether DFPS provided youth with required documents and information

If the child	is placed in	an	RT(C or Q	RTF	P, wheth	ner
continued	placement	in	an	RTC	or	QRTP	is
appropriate	е						

- Child receiving appropriate medical care
 Child has regular, ongoing opportunities for ageappropriate normalcy activities, including those not in child's service plan
- ☐ If AAL hasn't seen client, determine good cause

Permanency Hearing Before Final Order Checklist

continued

How child will be transported

Whether records/credits transferred

testing periods

• Whether change coordinated with grading and

Court Findings				
At the End of the Hearing: Return the child to the parent or parents unless, with respect to each parent, there is a continuing danger to the health and safety of the child and returning home is contrary to the welfare of the child. Advise/warn custodial rights and duties subject to restriction or termination	 Incorporate changes or modifications to Service Plan into order Likely date child returned home, placed for adoption, or placed in PMC Set next PH within 120 days or sooner Announce dismissal date and any upcoming hearings 			
Best Practices				
 □ If lack of notice, consider resetting hearing to secure attendance □ Engage parties with direct questions □ Engage youth □ Ask DFPS direct, child-specific questions about reasonable efforts towards primary and concurrent goal □ If not moving to positive permanency, set timelines and tasks to be completed prior to next hearing □ AAL knowledgeable about child's needs and legal objectives □ Set next PH at 90 instead of 120 days □ For Older Youth: • Family Group Decision Making 	 Preparation for Adult Living (PAL) If will turn 18 while in foster care: discuss extended foster care and trial independence ensure referrals to Texas Workforce Commission ensure appropriate documents in possession before leave care Consider the following questions: What is preventing this child from returning home today? How is my decision specific to this child and this family? Are there issues impacting this family that we need to understand? 			
Well-being Issues				
 Medical and Mental Health Care □ Summary of medical care: Nature of emergency medical care All medical and mental health treatment receiving and progress Any medication prescribed/progress Caregiver compliance with treatment plan 	 Adverse reaction or side effects Diagnosis or diagnostic tests Activity to avoid that affect effectiveness of treatment Other info required 			
Education and Educational Decisions □ Enrolled and in appropriate grade □ Remain in current school, even if placement changes	 □ If 0-3, child assessed for developmental milestones through ECI □ If 0-5, enrolled in Early Head Start, Head Start, or Pre-Kindergarten 			
If change placement, determine:Where child wants to attend school	☐ Education Decision-Maker Form 2085-E on file			

Updated September 2025

☐ School supports and disciplinary issues

☐ Evaluated for/receiving special education

☐ If 14 or older, postsecondary education plan

☐ Extracurricular activities/normalcy